FREEDOM FROM RELIGIOUS PERSECUTION/Final Passage

SUBJECT: Freedom from Religious Persecution Act . . . H.R. 2431. Final passage, as amended.

ACTION: BILL PASSED, 98-0

SYNOPSIS: As passed, H.R. 2431, the Freedom from Religious Persecution Act, will strengthen the United States' policy to support religious freedom around the world and will provide for targeted sanctions to respond to violations of religious freedom. Details are provided below.

- Department of State Activities. An Office on International Religious Freedom will be established and will be headed by an Ambassador at Large. The Ambassador's duties will include the annual preparation of country-by-country reports on religious freedom, and the maintenance of an Internet site to provide access to people around the world to international documents on the protection of religious freedom. Standard foreign service officer training will include instruction on the internationally recognized right to freedom of religion, the nature, activities, and beliefs of different religions, and the various aspects and manifestations of violations of religious freedom. United States diplomats will meet with nongovernmental religious organizations, and will attempt to meet with people imprisoned for their faith, "where appropriate and beneficial." United States citizens will be allowed to use United States missions or consular posts for religious purposes on no less restrictive terms than they are allowed to use those missions or posts for other nongovernmental purposes. Country-by-country issue briefs that list people who have been arrested for their faith will be prepared.
- Commission on International Religious Freedom. A Commission on International Religious Freedom will be established to conduct annual and ongoing reviews of violations of religious freedom and to make policy recommendations.
- National Security Council. It is the sense of Congress that there should be a special adviser on international religious freedom on the staff of the National Security Council.
- Targeted Responses to Violations of Religious Freedoms Abroad. The President will take one or more of the following actions against a government of a country if it engages in or tolerates violations of religious freedom: a private demarche; an official, public demarche; a public condemnation; a public condemnation with one or more multilateral fora; the delay or cancellation of one or more scientific exchanges; the delay or cancellation of one or more cultural exchanges; the denial of one or more working, official, or state

(See other side) **YEAS (98)** NAYS (0) NOT VOTING (2) Republican Republicans Republicans **Democrats** Democrats Democrats (55 or 100%) (43 or 100%) (0 or 0%) (0 or 0%)(0)**(2)** Abraham Hutchinson Akaka Kennedy Glenn-2 Allard Hutchison Baucus Kerrey Hollings-2 Ashcroft Inhofe Biden Kerry Jeffords Bennett Bingaman Kohl Kempthorne Landrieu Bond Boxer Brownback Kyl Breaux Lautenberg Burns Lott Bryan Leahy Campbell Lugar Bumpers Levin Chafee Mack Byrd Lieberman McCain Cleland Mikulski Coats Cochran McConnell Conrad Moseley-Braun Collins Murkowski Daschle Moynihan Coverdell Nickles Dodd Murray Craig Roberts Dorgan Reed D'Amato Roth Durbin Reid DeWine Santorum Feingold Robb Domenici Sessions Feinstein Rockefeller **EXPLANATION OF ABSENCE:** Shelby Ford Sarbanes Enzi 1-Official Business Faircloth Smith, Bob Graham Torricelli 2-Necessarily Absent Smith, Gordon Wellstone Frist Harkin 3—Illness Gorton Snowe Inouve Wyden 4—Other Gramm Specter Johnson Grams Stevens Grassley Thomas SYMBOLS: Thompson Gregg AY-Announced Yea Hagel Thurmond AN-Announced Nay Hatch Warner PY-Paired Yea Helms PN-Paired Nay

VOTE NO. 310 OCTOBER 9, 1998

visits; the delay or cancellation of one or more working, official, or state visits; the withdrawal, limitation, or suspension of United States development assistance; a ban on certain trade assistance; instructions to United States directors of international financial institutions to oppose multilateral assistance; a ban on certain arms and other export licenses and on other exports that need specific approval; a ban on any United States official giving loans or credits of more than \$10 million in 1 year to the government or to any entity or official in the government responsible for the religious freedom violation; and a ban on procuring goods from the government or from any entity or official found to be guilty of a religious freedom violation. The President will choose which sanction or sanctions to apply depending upon the severity of the violation. The President will choose from the ninth option through the fifteenth option to respond to particularly severe violations of religious freedom. In lieu of taking any of the above actions, the President may negotiate and enter into a binding agreement with a foreign government that obligates that government to cease or take substantial steps to address and phase out the act, policy, or practice constituting the violation of religious freedom. None of the actions taken may prohibit